

Pollinator Plant Guide

Planting flowers is one of the best ways to help our native pollinators. Not only does it help restore declining populations, but it keeps your home looking beautiful! Anyone can plant pollinator flowers, whether it is in a pot on your balcony, or in garden bed in your backyard. Creating a large pollinator landscape will attract all sorts beneficial insects that will help keep your blooms showy year after year!

Important tips for pollinator planting:

- Ensure the flowers you plant are **non-invasive** in your region; native species are best. Introducing invasive species to an area can have disastrous effects, like dominating the landscape by competing with native plants, or transmitting diseases that native plants or animals are not equipped to deal with.
- Avoid **hybrids**. Many hybrid versions of wildflowers, such as the "double-flowered" types, are bred to eliminate nectar and pollen to display more showy flowers this does not provide any sort of nourishment for pollinators.
- Plant a wide **variety** of early, mid, and late season bloomers in large **clumps**, so they can easily be seen by pollinators.
- Eliminate the use of **pesticides** in your garden; even some organic-approved pesticides can still be harmful to pollinators.
- Provide larval host plants for butterflies to encourage them to lay eggs in your garden. Then you can watch the caterpillars grow and develop into more butterflies!



Columbine

Native Ontario Pollinator Plants

	Name	Bloom	Sunlight	Moisture	Flower	Height
		Period		Level	Color	
TREES&SHRUBS FLOWERS	Black-eyed Susan	Aug - Oct	Full Sun	Dry - Moist	Yellow	2 – 3 ft.
	Blanket Flower	July – Aug	Full Sun	Dry	Red/Yellow	1-2 ft.
	Butterfly Weed	July - Aug	Full Sun	Dry - Moist	Red/Orange	2 – 3 ft.
	Canada Goldenrod	Aug - Oct	Full Sun	Dry	Yellow	4 – 5 ft.
	Joe Pye Weed	June - Sept	Full – Part Sun	Wet - Moist	Pink	3 – 7 ft.
	New England Aster	June - Sept	Full – Part Sun	Moist	Pink/Purple	1 – 3 ft.
	Lance-leaved Coreopsis	Aug - Sept	Full – Part Sun	Dry	Yellow	1 – 2 ft.
	Purple Coneflower	April - July	Full – Part Sun	Moist	Purple	2 – 4 ft.
	Spiked Blazing Star	June - Aug	Full Sun	Dry	Pink/Purple	2 – 3 ft.
	Swamp Milkweed	May - Sept	Full – Part Sun	Wet - Moist	Pink	3 – 4 ft.
	Wild Bergamot	May - Aug	Full – Part Sun	Dry - Moist	Pink/Purple	1 – 3 ft.
	Wild Columbine	June - Sept	Full – Part Sun	Moist	Red/Pink	1 – 3 ft.
	Blueberry	May - June	Full Sun	Dry - Moist	White/Pink	2 – 4 ft.
	Chokecherry	May - June	Full	Moist	White	20 – 30 ft.
	Common Elderberry	July - Aug	Full – Part Sun	Moist	White	4 – 12 ft.
	New Jersey Tea	March - April	Part Shade	Dry - Moist	White	2 – 3 ft.
	Raspberry	Jun - Sept	Full - Part Sun	Dry - Moist	White/Pink	1 – 3 ft.
TR	Serviceberry	April - May	Full Sun –Shade	Dry - Moist	White	10 – 30 ft.

Where to buy:

Many native plants and seeds can be purchased at your local nursery or garden retailer. Seeds can also be ordered online from dedicated native nurseries all over Ontario. Be sure to check in your newspaper or online for community seed exchanges or sales.

Please do not take any flowers, seeds, or branches from the wild.

Thank You for Helping the Pollinators - Happy Planting!

